

**CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS****CORNMEAL**

**19551. Adulteration of cornmeal and pastry flour. U. S. v. 17 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 33979. Sample Nos. 8203-L, 8204-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** September 30, 1952, Western District of Pennsylvania.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about June 24 and July 16, 1952, from Columbus, Ohio.

**PRODUCT:** 17 100-pound bags of cornmeal and 38 100-pound bags of pastry flour at Pittsburgh, Pa.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the products consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insects and insect webbing. The products were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** November 21, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the products be delivered to a county institution, for use as hog feed.

**FLOUR\***

**19552. Adulteration of rye flour, rye meal, and plain flour. U. S. v. 2 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 34073. Sample Nos. 19925-L to 19928-L, incl.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** September 24, 1952, Southern District of Iowa.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 24 and June 25, 1952, from Minneapolis, Minn.

**PRODUCT:** 2 100-pound bags of rye flour, 28 100-pound bags of rye meal, and 23 100-pound bags of plain flour at Davenport, Iowa.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of insects. The articles were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** October 22, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the products be delivered to a charitable or a public institution, for use as animal feed.

**19553. Adulteration of tapioca flour. U. S. v. 1,186 Bags \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 33490. Sample Nos. 36857-L to 36863-L, incl.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** July 28, 1952, Eastern District of New York.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about March 8 and May 3, 1951, from Madagascar.

**PRODUCT:** 1,186 200-pound bags of tapioca flour at Brooklyn, N. Y., in the possession of Beard's Erie Basin, Inc.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta and rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** September 11, 1952. Madagascar Agencies, Inc., New York, N. Y., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation

\*See also No. 19551.

was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be reprocessed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

Salvaging operations resulted in the segregation of 550 200-pound bags of the product as fit for human consumption. The remainder of the product was reconditioned by the segregation of the fit from the unfit portion, resulting in the salvaging of an additional 54,727 pounds of the product and in the denaturing of 46,610 pounds which were unfit for human consumption.

#### MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS AND CEREAL PRODUCTS

**19554. Adulteration of unpopped popcorn in oil. U. S. v. 49 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 34402. Sample No. 2189-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** December 10, 1952, Eastern District of North Carolina.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 13, 1952, by Rose City Foods, Inc., from Thomasville, Ga.

**PRODUCT:** 49 cases, each containing 24 11½-ounce jars, of unpopped popcorn in oil at Raleigh, N. C.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Jar) "Rose Kist Pour N' Pop Popcorn & Oil."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

**DISPOSITION:** January 29, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a State institution, for use as animal feed.

**19555. Adulteration of unpopped popcorn in oil. U. S. v. 10 Cases \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 34467. Sample No. 59223-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** January 2, 1953, Western District of North Carolina.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about November 11, 18, and 25, 1952, by Dixie Home Stores, Inc., from Greenville, S. C.

**PRODUCT:** 10 cases, each containing 24 11½-ounce jars, of unpopped popcorn in oil at Charlotte, N. C.

**LABEL, IN PART:** (Jar) "Rose Kist Pour N' Pop Popcorn & Oil \* \* \* Rose City Foods, Inc., Thomasville, Ga."

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

**DISPOSITION:** February 25, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**19556. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. 122,600 Pounds \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 34553. Sample No. 14848-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** On or about January 21, 1953, Southern District of Illinois.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 9, 1953, by the Farmers Grain Association, from Benedict, Nebr.

**PRODUCT:** 122,600 pounds of wheat at Springfield, Ill.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta.

**DISPOSITION:** February 9, 1953. Pillsbury Mills, Inc., Springfield, Ill., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation